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Título	Interplay and centrality of HiTOP internalizing symptoms
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Resumo	Our aim was to investigate sex differences in the interplay and centrality of internalizing symptoms using network analysis. We analyzed data from 442 Brazilian adults (221 males and 221 females), utilizing the Inventory of Depression and Anxiety Symptoms - Expanded Version (IDAS-II), a measure of internalizing symptoms aligned



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with the Hierarchical Taxonomy of Psychopathology (HiTOP). Network analysis revealed substantial similarities between males and females, with both networks showing the strongest associations between symptom pairs such as euphoria and well-being, and dysphoria and lassitude. Dysphoria emerged as the most central symptom for both sexes, highlighting its importance in internalizing psychopathology. However, some sex-specific differences were noted, with males showing stronger associations between symptoms like dysphoria and insomnia, and traumatic intrusions and avoidance. Our findings suggest a largely shared structure of internalizing symptoms between sexes, though targeted interventions may be beneficial to address specific symptom patterns in males and females.

## Fomento

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